

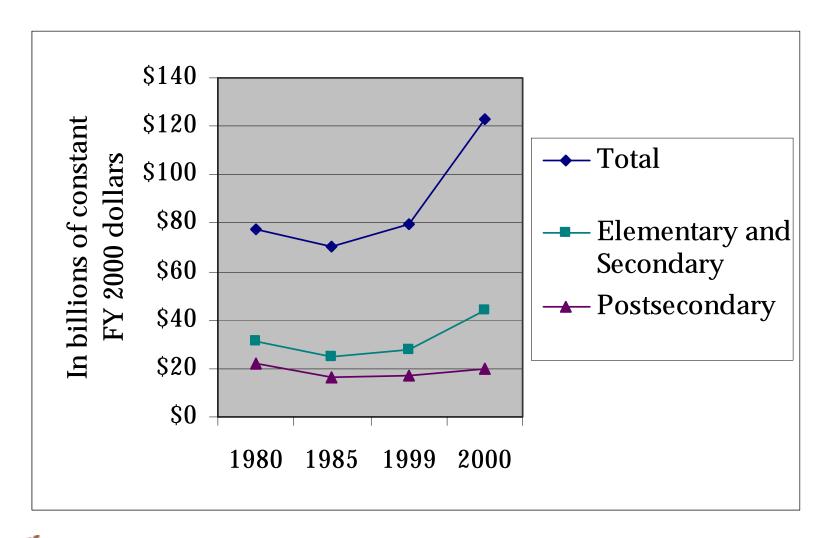
Changing the Odds:

Lessons learned from successful programs
Susan B. Neuman
University of Michigan/New York
University

- In 2001, I was appointed to be the Assistant Secretary for Elementary and Secondary Education
- In charge of 22 billion dollars of programs targeted to the needs of children at risk

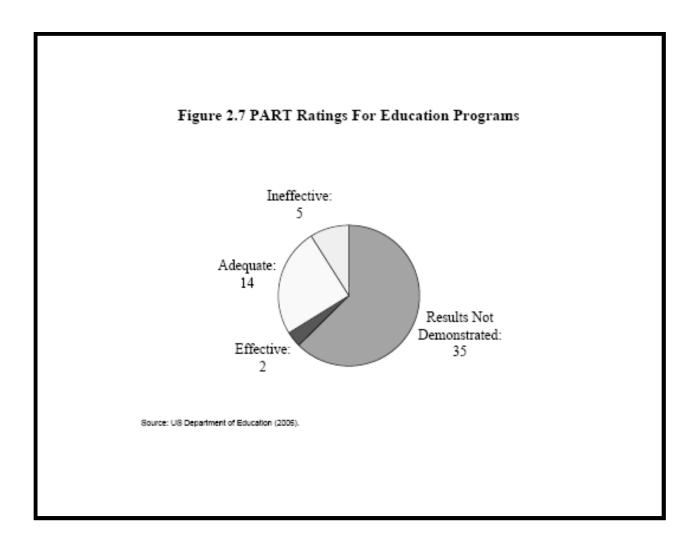


A bit of background





The problem





The problem...

- Children of color
- Children of families who speak a language other than English
- Children of poverty



What have we done wrong?

When and how have we failed our most vulnerable children?

Too much testing

Too little teaching

 Too little understanding of how children learn in the early years



Failed policies

When we oversimplify the problem

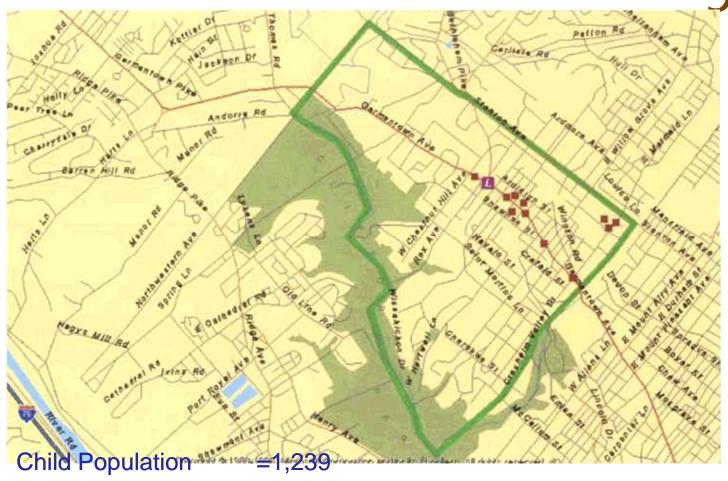






Poverty

Affluent community

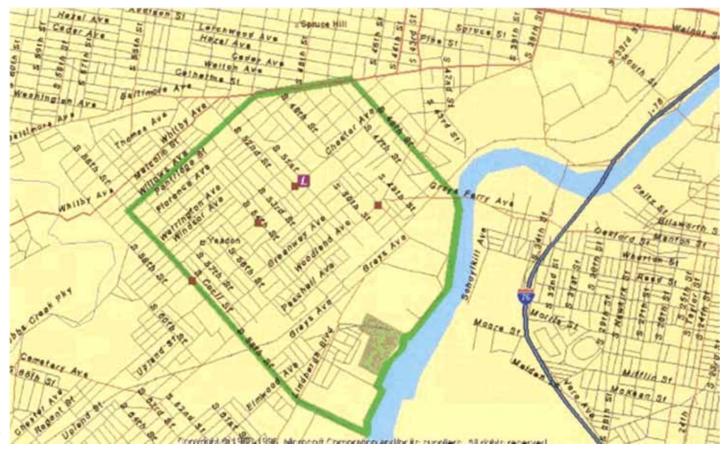


ready to read

Places to buy books =11

Titles in Stores =16,453

Poor Community





Community of Affluence

- 16,453 reading resources for 1,200 children
- 11 places to buy books

Community of Poverty

- 358 reading resources for 7,000 children
- 4 places to buy books (mostly coloring books)



Same City; Worlds Apart

Community of Affluence

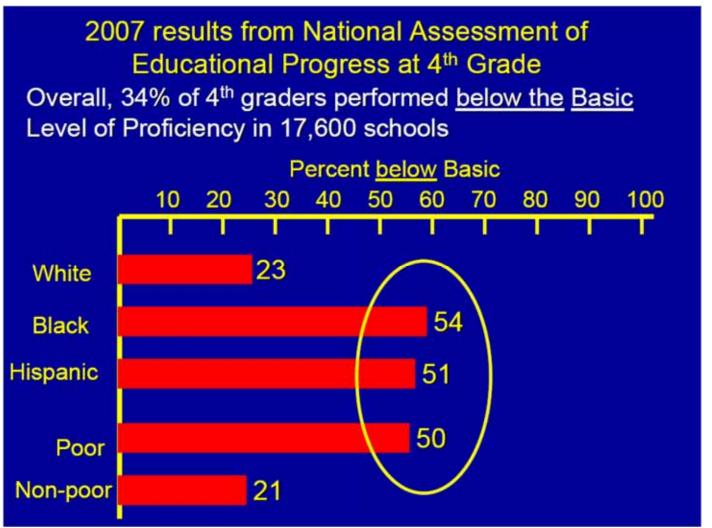
- Adults read with children 47 out of 60 minutes at the library (approx. 2,435 words)
- = 14x the number of words in print per

Community of Poverty

 No adults read with their children at the library

- Limited materials resources (Neuman & Celano, 2000; Neuman, Celano, Greer, Shue, 2000).
- Interactions, and involvement (Hart & Risley, 1995; McLloyd, 1990)
- Social capital (Coleman, 1967; Lareau, 2004)

its concomitants





NAEP 2012

When we Overgeneralize

Policies for some children to ALL children







Hart & Risley, 1995

When we forget that education is a local issue and that parents are a critical part of decision making







Parent involvement

- Good hearted souls
- Weak interventions
- Short attention spans
- III-fitting interventions



The problem...

Change the way we do business



The Changing the Odds Strategy

- What programs work?
- Are they demonstrating effects?
- o If not, do we adjust or do we change course?

Priority based budgeting



1. Start early...

The prevention of reading difficulties

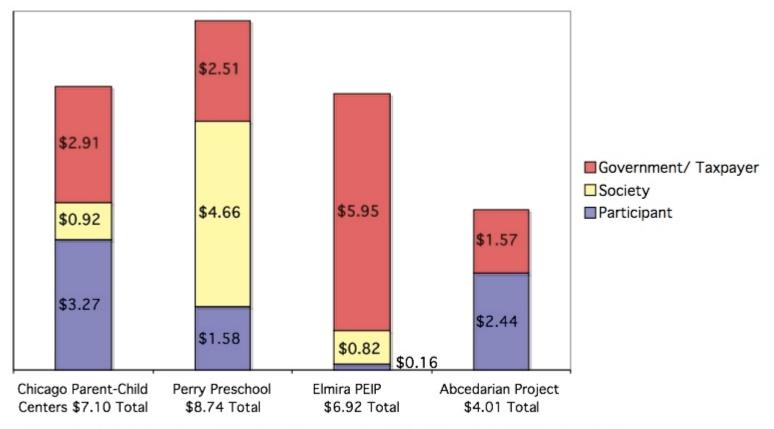






ready to read

Benefit Costs Table for Four Early Childhood Programs: Dollars Returned for Each Dollar Invested



Source: Bruner, C. (2004). Many happy returns: Three economic models that make the case for school readiness. State Early Childhood Policy Technical Assistance Network.

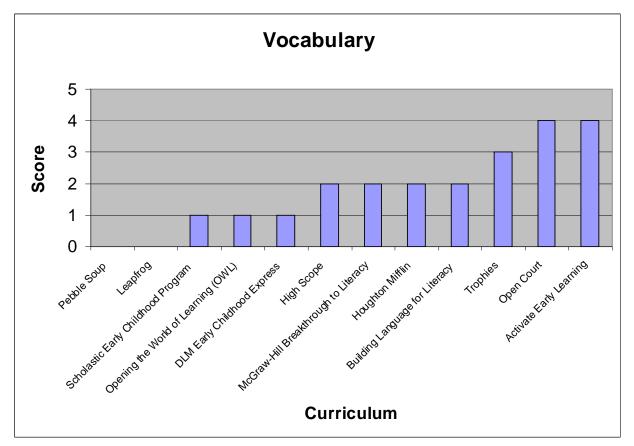


Target our programs to children's needs





2. Target our programs to children's needs

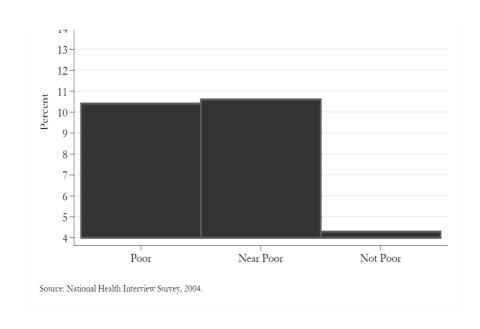




Rethinking curriculum

3. Comprehensive Services

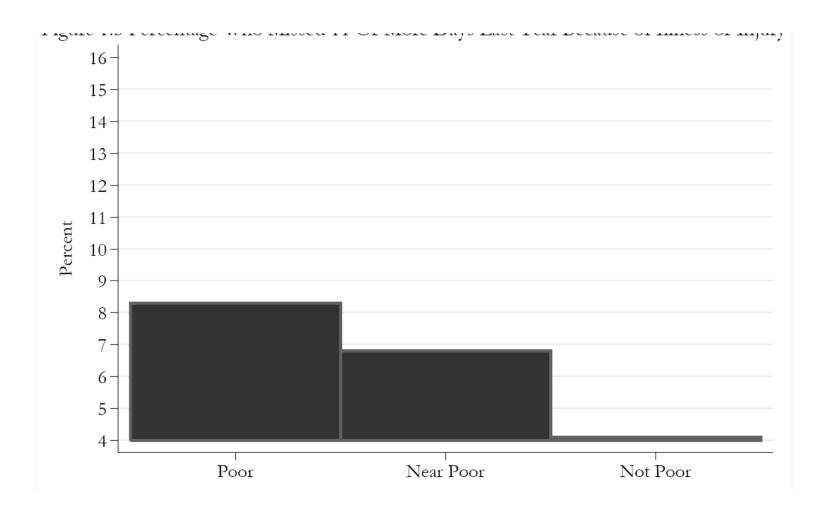
o Greaterconnections tohealth services



Unmet Dental Needs









Absenteeism due to illness

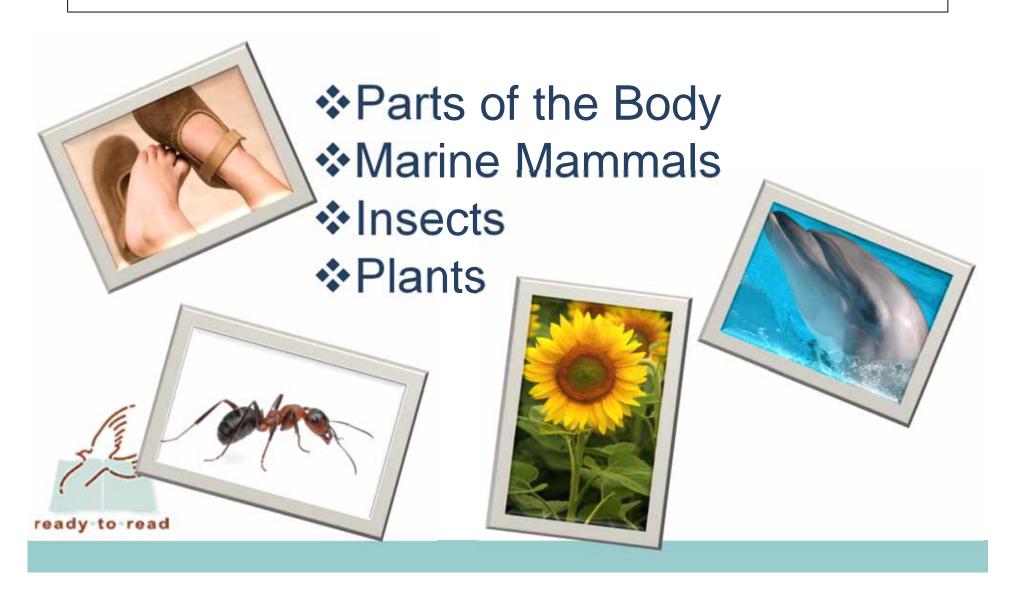
ready-to-read

- 4. What kinds of things do children need:
 - Rich curriculum that actively engages them in learning
 - Language-rich settings that encourage lots of questioning and responding
 - o Interaction in communities of practice
 - o Engage their minds



Compensatory

Science Living Things Curriculum Overview



Dan Dan the Science Man

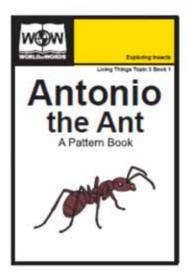


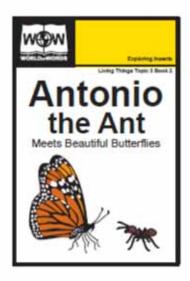
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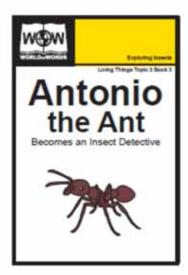
Progression of texts

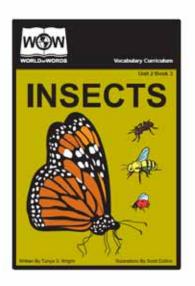
- Predictable text
- Gender bender (1)
- Gender bender (2)
- Information text

Text sets









WOW Insect Topic







Marine Mammals: Small Group Lesson



Marine Mammals: Discovery Center

- Fixed location in the room
- Child-initiated activity
- Props lab coat, clipboard with pencils for notes, books, magnifying glass
- Teacher introduction to items & interactions

ready-to-read



Discovery Center

Parts of the Body Take-Home Booklets







- o 5. Greater dosage
- o Greater depth
- o Targeted focus
- o Integrated instruction
 - Science
- Parent involvement and engagement



Intensity

- 6. Efforts to increase the quality, consistency, and reach of instruction
 - a. Insuring teachers have excellent professional development
 - b. Monitoring and supporting classroom instruction

Is small group instruction differentiated to children's needs

Are children engaged in thoughtful instruction?



Professional development

- On-site
- Intensive
- Balanced and sustained over time
- Provides feedback
- Promotes professionalism



Quantity Quality How Well Did We How Much Services Inputs Deliver Them? Did We Provide? Progress Fidelity Measures Fidelity Measures Monitoring Progress What Effects On What Outcomes Did Outputs Quality Of Life? We Achieve?

Figure 2.1 Results-Based Accountability



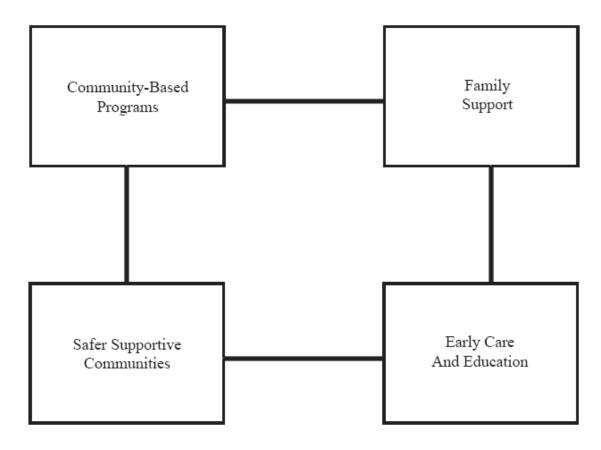
Accountability

- More instructional time
- Small instructional groups
- More precisely targeted to student needs
- Clearer and more detailed explanations
- More systematic and detailed instruction
- More guided practice, review, corrective feedback



Powerful instruction

Figure 2.3 360° Early Learning System





Project Website:

http://readytolearnresearch.org/

Principal Investigator: Prof. Susan B. Neuman

Email: sbneuman@umich.edu



contact information